# Classifying The Fault Type in Underground Distribution System based on Fuzzy Logic Algorithm

# M. Sudha

Department of Mathematics, AMET University, Chennai, India

## Abstract

This paper exhibits the best possible information example of fluffy rationale calculation for blame sort characterization in underground link. The proposed calculation utilizing mix of discrete wavelet changes (DWT) and fluffy rationale. The DWT is connected to concentrate high recurrence segment from blame current waveform utilizing mother wavelet daubechies4 (db4). The most extreme coefficients detail of DWT and greatest proportion of DWT, acquired from stage A, B, C and zero succession of blame current waveforms have been utilized as an info factors for choice calculation. The acquired outcomes in term of normal exactness have demonstrated that the most extreme proportion of DWT can accomplished tasteful precision in blame sort order.

Keywords: Fuzzy Logic; Underground Distribution System; Fault Type

Copyright © 2017 Institute of Advanced Engineering and Science. All rights reserved.

#### 1. Introduction

The security framework for transmission and circulation framework both overhead and underground link has been continually inquire about and create through the span of time [1-9]. Writing audit from past research has uncover a few procedures and calculations that have been connected to enhance framework assurance execution, for example, transient based security [1, 2, 5, 9], counterfeit consciousness [4, 8], cross breed calculation [6, 7, 9], and so forth [1]. The use of wavelet change in power framework mostly in light of transient-based method [1, 2,]. In past research [2], the calculation to distinguish most extreme coefficients of DWT at V. cycle of current flag in stage A, B, C has been utilized. The got results were contrasted with request to recognize blame stage and further broke down kind of blame that showed up on framework. The computerized reasoning has been as of late pick up a consideration by scientist for application in conclusion blame and other unusual marvels in power framework [3, 8] because of its exactness and accuracy of the calculation can be accomplished outcomes. Blame area and order in transmission framework utilizing DWT and straight discriminant examination has been exhibited in [3]. Current signs of each stage and zero succession are process utilizing DB-4 wavelet.

Coefficients are utilized as contributions to LDA based blame identifier and LDA base blame classifier. Blame identification and characterization are done in discrete module. Result has demonstrated incredible outcomes for all situations considers. From the examination works identified with blame characterization approach in transmission and appropriation framework specifying above, it can be seen that calculation with fluffy rationale has picked up a considerable measure of consideration because of its leverage in power framework application [3-9]. In the paper proposed discrete wavelet changes (DWT) and fluffy rationale for blame discovery in framework. Four energies frame DWT and standardized vitality are utilized for fluffy rationale input. The proposed technique has been test on IEEE 13 transport electrical conveyance framework. Come about of proposed technique are attractive. In proposes utilization of wavelet particular entropy (WSE) and fluffy rationale in blame recognition. Calculation proposed in research is utilizing positive arrangement parts and three stage flow from WSE for fluffy rationale contribution to recognize and characterize blame. Result gotten from calculation uncover that it can recognize sudden changes in signs trademark because of blame event, subsequently it can connected to various blame sort in different conditions. In the propelled flag preparing method in view of wavelet examination and fluffy rationale framework for blame area and characterization in underground outspread appropriation framework is

**5**57

exhibited. The DWT has been connected to remove critical information from these signs for additionally dissected utilizing fluffy rationale framework. The past review has proposed the utilization of first pinnacle times and greatest coefficient get from DWT as information factors for fake neural system to find blame in transmission framework. The principal top circumstances and most extreme coefficient esteem has been looked at. Result uncovers that initially top had the precision more than the most extreme coefficient of DWT and invests less preparing energy.

The point of this paper is proposed the correct info example of fluffy rationale for blame sort characterization, which is utilized in underground appropriation link. Underground link framework utilizing as a part of this exploration is designed according to 5. 8 km 115 kV transmission line some portion of Metropolitan Electricity Authority (MEA) in Thailand. Different element that can influence the calculation execution areas of blame, blame sort and blame commencement edges have been thought about keeping in mind the end goal to assess the blame trademark. Reproduction of the contextual investigation utilizing ATPIEMTP programming to recreate the blame signs, after that DWT and Fuzzy rationale were utilized as a part of MATLAB to examined blame flag. The outcomes get from the proposed blame grouping calculation are contrasted and past coefficient strategy and probabilistic neural system keeping in mind the end goal to assess the execution of proposed procedure.

#### 2. Decision Algorithm

Fault flag produced from ATP/EMTP programming and afterward sending to MATLAB programming for characterization choice calculation. The framework has been utilized for estimation of zero arrangement of the present flag [2]. The mother wavelet utilizing to concentrate high recurrence segments from transient flag is daubechies4 (db4). The got coefficients come about because of utilizing DWT on current signs, at that point squared the flag with a specific end goal to recognize the sudden change in the spectra.



Figure 1. Structure of fuzzy logic for classifying the fault type in case of maximum coefficients detail of DWT

As previously specified, this paper intend to concentrate an info design for fluffy rationale calculation in blame sort arrangement. The most extreme coefficients come about because of connected DWT to current flag stage A, B, C and zero arrangement parts at the principal top time has been utilized as information factors. Then again, the most extreme proportion of DWT at Y4 cycle of stage A, B, C is additionally been utilized as an info factors.

#### 3. Simulation

The fault signal have been reproduce utilizing ATP/EMTP programming with examining rate of 200 kHz. The contextual investigations utilizing as a part of this examination in light of the underground appropriation framework. The single line graph is appeared in Figure 2. The

cross-sectional perspective of an underground link utilizing as a part of recreation is appeared in Figure 3. The blame resistance in this exploration has been thought to be lon so as to keep away from multifaceted nature computation. The recreation has been finished with different parameters change as takes after: - Fault sorts comprise of single stage to ground, twofold stage to ground, stage to stage, and three stage blame. - Fault areas are extending from 1 km to 5 km with 1 km interim measured from the sending end - Fault initiation points is shifted from 0° to 150° with a stage of 30° and utilizing voltage waveform of Phase An as a kind of perspective.



Figure 2. Underground system using in simulation studies



Figure 3. The configuration of cable in simulation studies

In the main stage, it can be seen that, the most extreme coefficients from DWT of current signs stage A, B, C and zero grouping segment when blame event. The outcome at that point characterized running from 0 to 1 by standardization and afterward utilized as info factors. For the following stage, the fluffy rationale enrollment capacities triangle-molded S-formed and Z-molded have been utilized as a part of request to make an information variable capacity. The fluffy rationale sets has 4 terms and phonetic variable has 4 levels comprise of most extreme, medium, least, and zero. This set has been planned by Z-formed, triangle-molded, triangle-formed, and S-formed fluffy rationale participation capacities, individually as appeared in Figure 4.



Figure 4. Membership functions of input variable for classifying the fault types in case of maximum coefficients detail of DWT

## 5. Conclusion

This paper proposed the determination of appropriate information example of fluffy rationale for blame sort arrangement in underground dissemination link. The choice calculation utilizing a mix of DWT and fluffy rationale has been exhibited. This calculation utilizing Daubechies4 (db4) as mother wavelet for DWT keeping in mind the end goal to concentrate high recurrence segments from current flag amid blame event. The most extreme coefficients from DWT are contrasted and the greatest proportion of DWT to choose the best possible information example to develop a fluffy rationale choice calculation. The different contextual investigations have been finished by contemplated many element, for example, blame beginning edges, blame area on underground link and different blame sorts. The correlation in term of normal exactness of proposed choice calculations and choice calculation that in view of examination of the coefficients from DWT. As indicated by the information introduced in Table 3, by changing the sort of blame, the acquired outcomes demonstrated that the greatest proportion of DWT can characterize the blame sort with normal precision of 89.50%. Accordingly, this blame order approach is achievable to apply to modem insurance framework for transmission and circulation organize.

## References

- [1] El Din E.T, et al. A wavelet-based fault location technique for aged power cables. *In Power Engineering Society General Meeting.* IEEE. 2005: 2485-2491.
- [2] Apisit C. and Ngaopitakkul A. *Identification of Fault Types for Underground Cable using Discrete Wavelet transform.* In Proceedings of the International MultiConference of Engineers and Computer Scientists 2010.
- [3] Yadav A. and Swetapadma A. A novel transmission line relaying scheme for fault detection and classification using wavelet transform and linear discriminant analysis. Ain Shams Engineering Journal. 2015: 6(1): 199-209.
- [4] Seyedtabaii S. Improvement in the performance of neural network-based power transmission line fault classifiers. *IET generation, transmission & distribution.* 2012; 6(8): 731-737.
- [5] Costa F.B and Brito. Real-time classification of transmission line faults based on maximal overlap discrete wavelet transform. In Transmission and Distribution Conference and Exposition (T&D), 2012 IEEE PES. 2012: 1-8.
- [6] Livani H. and Evrenosoğlu C.Y. A fault classification method in power systems using DWT and SVM classifier. In Transmission and Distribution Conference and Exposition (T&D), 2012 IEEE PES pp. 1-5.
- [7] Chen J. and Aggarwal R.K. A new approach to EHV transmission line fault classification and fault detection based on the wavelet transform and artificial intelligence. In Power and Energy Society General Meeting. IEEE. 2012: 1-8.
- [8] Lout K. and Aggarwal R.K. A feedforward Artificial Neural Network approach to fault classification and location on a 132kV transmission line using current signals only. Universities Power Engineering Conference (UPEC), 47th International. 2012; 1-6.
- [9] Subramanian DDP. Design of a Single Input Fuzzy Logic Controller Based SVC for Dynamic Performance Enhancement of Power Systems. 2014.