Rimigs: the impact of gamification on students' motivation and performance in programming class

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ABSTRACT

Gamification is described as the art of changing human activity to a gamelike environment to gain user engagement. Rimigs is a developed gamification system discussed in this research and was built based on Octalysis framework. This research aims to design and identify the impact of using a gamification system on students' motivation and performance, especially in programming classes. Through Rimigs, students' engagement and performance can be enhanced by freely choosing tasks or quests according to the rank points, completing these tasks or quests, getting experience points, getting rewards, avoiding punishment at certain times, and competing with others friends. The proposed research was done by using the iterative methodologies and consists of four phases, starting from i) literature review, which identifies the Octalysis' core, ii) design, which identifies the game elements used in the system and designing the unified modeling language (UML) diagram of the system, iii) testing, which involve the user in the using of the system, and iv) implementation, which is the analysis step for the impact of Rimigs in students' performance and engagement. This research finds that Rimigs as a gamification system can positively impact both students' motivation and performance.

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1. INTRODUCTION

Gamification is described as "the art of taking fun and engaging elements found in games and applying them thoughtfully to real-world or productive activities" [1]. Particular research said gamification is a concept of changing human activity to a game-like environment, enabling cognitive, affective, social, and motivational benefits [2]. A gamification software aims for high functionality and engagement [3] because humans have an innate pleasure to play [3]. Many people think gamification is only about points and badges instead of seeing it as a practical tool or learning [4]. Gamification has been used for many purposes and consists of a motivational system design that involves understanding motivational psychology [5]. The market predicted that the gamification size would be reaching \$934 million in 2022 [6]. The fun characteristic of the game is the primary element that makes gamification itself can be implemented in various ways, especially in the learning process or knowledge-sharing process [7].

When used in education, it inspires and engages students through game design concepts [8]. Implementing gamification in education refers to the using of gameful experience in the learning process [9],

and it's not required to use an expensive technology device [10]. Gamification strategies are being used more commonly to positively impact actions and cognitive functions by improving a device or service with motivational affordances and, ultimately, by bringing similar experiences to those found in games [11]. Gamification can be combined with flipped learning method to improve the teaching and learning environment [12]. Several game elements are usually used in educational contexts, such as badges, leaderboards, rewards, storylines, and progress bars [13]. Although those game elements seem effective in the academic context, designing gamification must be cautious since it will affect students' learning experience [14]. Therefore, it is essential to understand the working mechanism of gamification itself [15].

As a result of the pandemic caused by the Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), viruses made a significant difference in every industry field, especially in education [16]. The maximum use of technologies these days is inescapable, especially in the learning process [17]. The learning process that was initially carried out face-to-face has now turned online. One of the private universities affected by the Covid-19 pandemic is Atma Jaya Catholic University of Indonesia. The pandemic situation is forcing the university to conduct the learning process entirely online. As for the "practical" department, such as Information Department, the entire online class can give the students a hard time understanding and engage in the class. The preliminary survey was conducted on the Information System Department in Atma Jaya Catholic University of students have demotivated and deterioration in their class performance, especially in programming class. One of the solutions to increasing the students' performance and motivation is by using gamification [18].

Rimigs is a gamification system designed for increasing students' engagement and motivation in the class. Rimigs was developed based on Octalysis framework, and it has several game elements like avatar, quest, experience, level, rank, leaderboard, achievements, and reward. Through Rimigs, students can freely choose tasks or quests according to the rank points, complete these tasks or quests, get experience points, get rewards, avoid punishment at certain times, and compete with other friends. The purpose of this research is to develop web-based gamification based on Octalysis framework. The result of this research is a web-based gamification system and how students become more engaged in class.

Another research finds the gamification approach has a positive effect on enjoyment toward knowledge sharing [19]. Even though gamification plays an essential role in education, there is still a lack of adequate guidelines for combining various gamification features to improve learning success in various educational contexts [20]. Another previous research affirms that using gamification in practical subjects can generate a better learning process [21]. The majority of review articles on the efficacy of gamification are constructive, listing either positive or mixed outcomes of gamified methods that have been implemented [22].

Previous research discussed the role of gamification for education on changing human behavior to become more pro-environmental. There are two frameworks used in this study: Octalysis and climate change engagement through the game framework. The study found by implementing both intrinsic and extrinsic elements on the gamification design, the behavior change of humans to become more pro-environmental is possible [23]. Another previous study discussed the use of Kahoot as a gamification platform to enhance students' motivation, engagement, and meaningful learning. The study was conducted with quasi-experimental methodologies with 101 undergraduate students as the participants. The study found that by integrating the game elements into the teaching process, it can enhance students' perception, motivation, their active participation in the class [24].

Another previous research discussed the design and development of Gamified content for basic Java computer programming. The system was designed based on the Octalysis framework too. The gamification system was built using hypertext markup language (HTML) 5 for its language. The Octalysis score is 6 out of 7 and has a good motivation for learning. Also, the gamification system has a balanced extrinsic and intrinsic motivation for students [25].

2. RESEARCH METHOD

This research uses the iterative model in its work. The iterative development model splits the software development of a broad application into smaller chunks. As a result, it's thought of as the method of breaking down an extensive application's software creation into smaller chunks [26]. The uses of the iterative model in this research are shown in Figure 1.

A literature review of the Octalysis framework started the requirement step. There are eight core drives on it i) meaning, ii) accomplishment, iii) empowerment, iv) ownership, v) social influence, vi) scarcity, vii) unpredictability, and viii) avoidance. A preliminary survey was also conducted to identify the current problem that students faced in the online class.

The design process was conducted to identify what kind of game elements will be used in this research and how to design the game mechanics based on Octalysis framework. Based on the analysis, the design gamification system is focusing on improving intrinsic students' motivation. In this step, system design also conducted using a unified modeling language (UML) diagram. There are three main actors in this system lecturer, lecturer assistant, and students. The main activity for student actors is taking some quest based on their current subject on Rimigs. The lecturer assistant's main activity is grading students' quests and can't either add, update, or delete quests posted by Lecturer. Rimigs analysis using the Octalysis framework is shown in Figure 2.

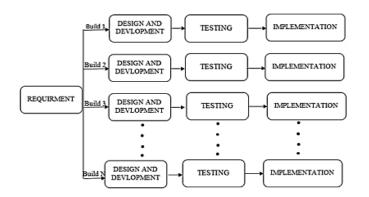


Figure 1. Iterative model

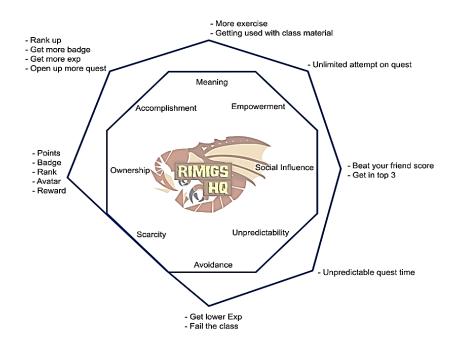


Figure 2. Gamification analysis using Octalysis framework

Rimigs has a significant gap in ownership and accomplishment core, but it still lacks the scarcity core. The accomplishment core focuses on players' progress and developing skills. On the other hand, the ownership core focus on players' possession of the system. Both accomplishment and ownership are the types of extrinsic motivation. Rimigs also have some points in the right-side core, such as empowerment, social influence, and unpredictability. Those cores are the type of intrinsic motivation.

Based on the Octalysis framework analysis, Rimigs is a gamification system that extrinsically increases user motivation. Even though the scarcity core is still missing, both accomplishment and ownership core still have the most significant score than other cores. Rimigs not only focusing on increasing motivation extrinsically but also intrinsically. Both extrinsic and intrinsic motivation were applied in Rimigs, but the extrinsic side (left-side core) has a more significant score than the intrinsic (right-side core) score. The use case of Rimigs is shown in Figure 3.

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The testing process was conducted both functional and non-functional testing. The functional testing was performed using the black box testing technique, and the non-functional testing was conducted quantitatively using the questionnaire to 53 samples. The questionnaire was distributed to identify students' motivation and performance in the programming class. The development process was conducted based on the designing system in the previous step. Rimigs was developed by using PHP framework laravel 7 and use my structured query language (MySQL) for the database. The user interface of Rimigs is shown in Figure 4.

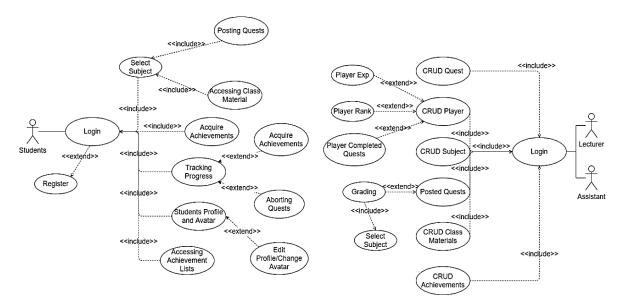


Figure 3. Use case diagram of Rimigs

Class Material	Choose a level	QUEST SELECTOR	QUEST DETAIL Familiar With Laravel Things Make a bad feeling about this Laravel for some of the some hand the name Laravel T ersonally the some of the some hand about this Laravel const. (Why Laravel T'S Lavie) Exp: 13 Exp: 14 Exp: 14
	PROFILE DATA	THE PERFECTIONIST HUNTER	

Figure 4. Rimigs user interface

3. **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

The number of samples in this research was determined based on the Slovin formula with a 5% margin of error. The minimum number of samples from the Slovin equation is 48, and 53 samples are used in this research. The descriptive analysis for this questionnaire is shown in Table 1. From Table 1, the standard

deviation for each indicator is smaller than the mean. From the descriptive analysis, it can be said the spread out of the data is closer to the mean, which makes the distribution is less spread out. The validity of this questionnaire was determined with pearson product moment, and the Cronbach Alpha formula was used in the reliability of the questionnaire. The validity of this research questionnaire is shown in Table 2.

The validity of the questionnaire is based on the corrected total item correlation score \geq the critical value. The critical value for each indicator is 0.276 for the degree of freedom 51 and $\alpha = 0,05$. Based on Table 1, all the variable has a valid result. The reliability score for the questionnaire is shown in Table 3. The reliability of the questionnaire is based on the Cronbach alpha score > critical value. For this research, the critical value is 0.7, and the Cronbach alpha score for each indicator is 0.917 for performance and 0.847 for motivation. Therefore, all the indicators have a reliable questionnaire. Figure 5 shows the difference between students learning with a gamification system and a group of students who learn with a non-gamification system.

Table 1. Descriptive analysis					
Descriptive analysis	Performance	Motivation			
Mean	5.057	3.958			
Std. Dev	1.035	0.840			
Minimum	2	1			
Maximum	5	5			

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Table 2. Questionnaire validity result				
Indicators	Variable	Corrected Total Item Correlation	Critical Value	Criteria
Performance	A1	0.831	0.276	Valid
	A2	0.749		Valid
	A3	0.842		Valid
	A4	0.759		Valid
	A5	0.830		Valid
	A6	0.869		Valid
	A7	0.688		Valid
	A8	0.833		Valid
	A9	0.674		Valid
	A10	0.487		Valid
Motivation	B1	0.465	0.276	Valid
	B2	0.720		Valid
	В3	0.606		Valid
	B4	0.648		Valid
	В5	0.732		Valid
	B6	0.821		Valid
	B7	0.733		Valid
	B8	0.822		Valid
	B9	0.738		Valid
	B10	0.588		Valid

Table 2	Questionnaire	validity	result
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Table	3.	Qu	esti	onn	aire reli	iability	v result		
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Indicators	Cronbach Alpha	Critical Value	Criteria
Performance	0.917	0.7	Reliable
Motivation	0.874	0.7	Reliable

In this research, the students are divided into two groups. One group will learn a programming subject with a non-gamification system (Group 1), and another group will learn a programming subject with a gamification system (Group 2). In group 1, not all the students pass or having a good grade in the programming class. Although most of the students have good grades, some of the students have bad grades. In another group, the lowest grades are B, and most students in this group have excellent grades. Based on Figure 5, a significant difference exists between a group that learns with a gamification system and a group that didn't. Figure 6 shows the students' motivation while using gamification in programming class.

The students' motivation is measured based on the group. The students are divided into two groups. One group will learn without Rimigs (Group 1), and the other group will learn with Rimigs (Group 2). Based on Figure 6, the motivated students in group 2 are higher than those in group 1. And also, the number of unmotivated students in group 2 is less than group 1. The result in Figure 6 indicates Rimigs has a positive impact, especially on increasing students' motivation. The core of accomplishment and ownership is the most impactful.

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Figure 5. Students' performance

Figure 6. Students' motivation

4. CONCLUSION

The use of Rimigs as a gamification system in programming class turns out can help the students on their motivation in learning programming and help them get an excellent grade. Implementing both side cores in Octalysis is essential, but in Rimigs, the left-side cores in Octalysis have more impact on student's motivation. In this research, both students' performance and motivation increase significantly while learning programming subjects using Rimigs as the gamification system.

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